

NAME _____

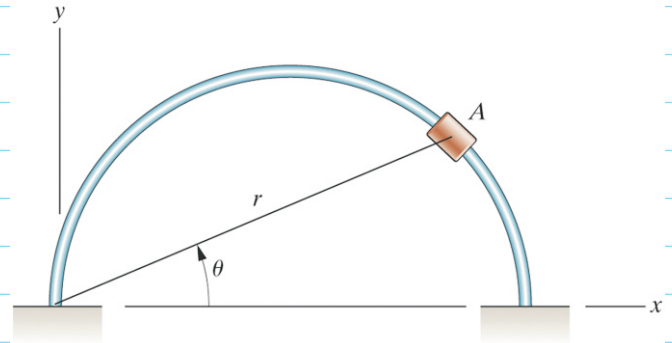
DATE _____

WEEK: _____ **PROBLEM:** _____

GIVEN:

The collar A slides on the circular bar. The radial position of A (in meters) is given as a function of θ by $r = 2 \cos \theta$. At the instant shown, $\theta = 25^\circ$ and $d\theta/dt = 4 \text{ rad/s}$. Determine the velocity of A in terms of polar coordinates.

Determine the acceleration of A in terms of polar coordinates.



REQUIRED:

SOLUTION:

Solution:

$$r = 2 \cos \theta, \dot{r} = -2 \sin \theta \dot{\theta}, \ddot{r} = -2 \sin \theta \ddot{\theta} - 2 \cos \theta \dot{\theta}^2$$

Using the given data we have

$$\theta = 25^\circ, \dot{\theta} = 4, \ddot{\theta} = 0$$

$$r = 1.813, \dot{r} = -3.381, \ddot{r} = -29.00$$

$$\mathbf{v} = \dot{r}\mathbf{e}_r + r\dot{\theta}\mathbf{e}_\theta = (-3.381\mathbf{e}_r + 7.25\mathbf{e}_\theta) \text{ m/s}$$

$$\mathbf{a} = (\ddot{r} - r\dot{\theta}^2)\mathbf{e}_r + (r\ddot{\theta} + 2\dot{r}\dot{\theta})\mathbf{e}_\theta = (-58.0\mathbf{e}_r - 27.0\mathbf{e}_\theta) \text{ m/s}^2$$