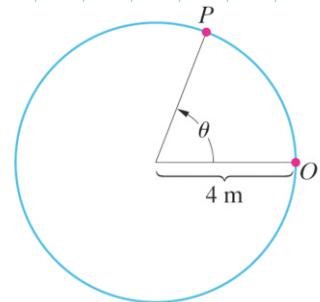


**WEEK:** \_\_\_\_\_**PROBLEM:** \_\_\_\_\_**GIVEN:**

The angle  $\theta = 2t^2$  rad.

- What are the velocity and acceleration of point P in terms of normal and tangential components at  $t = 1$  s?
- What distance along the circular path does point P move from  $t = 0$  to  $t = 1$  s?

**REQUIRED:****SOLUTION:****Solution:**

$$\theta = 2t^2$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = 4t = \omega$$

$$\frac{d^2\theta}{dt^2} = 4 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}^2} = \alpha$$

$$s = r\theta = 8t^2$$

$$v_t = 16t \text{ m/s}$$

$$v = r\omega = 4(4t) = 16t$$

$$a_t = \frac{dv}{dt} = 16 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$(a) \quad \underline{v = 16(1)\mathbf{e}_t \text{ m/s} = 16 \mathbf{e}_t \text{ (m/s)}}$$

$$\mathbf{a} = R\alpha\mathbf{e}_t + R\omega^2\mathbf{e}_N$$

$$\mathbf{a} = (4)(4)\mathbf{e}_t + (4)(4^2)\mathbf{e}_N \text{ (m/s}^2)$$

$$\underline{\mathbf{a} = 16\mathbf{e}_t + 64\mathbf{e}_N \text{ (m/s}^2)}$$

$$(b) \quad s = R\theta = 8t^2 \\ = 8(1)^2 = 8 \text{ m}$$

